

72) Given conductivity $\sigma = 4 \text{ S/m}$, $\nu = 10^4 \text{ Hz}$

$$\text{Skin depth } \delta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi \nu \mu \sigma}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi \times 10^4 \times 1.256 \times 10^{-6} \times 4}}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{2.517 \text{ m}}}$$

73) $\vec{P} = \vec{E} \times \vec{H}$

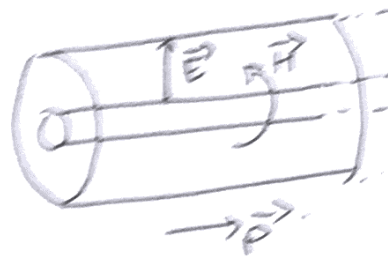
$$\vec{E} = \frac{Q}{2\pi \epsilon r} \hat{r}$$

$$\vec{H} = \frac{I}{2\pi r} \hat{\theta}$$

$$\vec{P} = \frac{Q}{2\pi \epsilon r} \cdot \frac{I}{2\pi r} \hat{r} \times \hat{\theta} = \frac{Q I}{(2\pi r)^2 \epsilon} \hat{z}$$

$$\int_A \vec{P} = \int_{r_i}^{r_o} \int_{\theta=0}^{2\pi} \frac{Q I}{(2\pi r)^2 \epsilon} r d\theta dr$$

$$= \int_{r_i}^{r_o} \frac{Q I}{(2\pi)^2 \epsilon} \cdot \frac{2\pi}{r^2} r dr = \frac{Q I}{2\pi \epsilon} \int_{r_i}^{r_o} \frac{1}{r} dr$$



$$\int_A \vec{P} \cdot d\vec{A} = \frac{QI}{2\pi\epsilon} \ln \left(\frac{r_o}{r_i} \right)$$

$$= \frac{QI}{2\pi\epsilon} \ln \left(\frac{r_o}{r_i} \right)$$

$$= \underline{\underline{V I}}$$

$$7.5) \langle a \rangle L = \frac{\mu_0}{2\pi} \ln \left(\frac{r_o}{r_i} \right) \text{ H/m}$$

$$= \frac{4\pi \times 10^{-7}}{2\pi} \ln \left(\frac{1.48}{0.406} \right) = 2.587 \times 10^{-7} \text{ H/m}$$

$$C = \frac{2\pi\epsilon_0\epsilon_r}{\ln(r_o/r_i)} = 10.97\epsilon_0 \text{ F/m} = 9.716 \times 10^{-11} \text{ F/m}$$

Characteristic impedance $Z = \sqrt{\frac{L}{C}} = \underline{\underline{51.6 \Omega}}$

$$\langle b \rangle \text{ Transmission velocity } v = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}} = \frac{1}{5 \times 10^{-9}} = 0.2 \times 10^9 \text{ m/s}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{2 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}}}$$

(c) Delay = 1 ns, velocity = 2×10^8 m/s

$$\text{Length} = 1 \text{ ns} \times 2 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{0.2 \text{ m}}}$$

(d) Given $r_o = 15 \text{ mil} = 381 \mu\text{m}$

$$Z = \sqrt{\frac{L}{C}} = \sqrt{\frac{\frac{\mu_o}{2\pi} \ln(r_o/r_i)}{2\pi\epsilon / \ln(r_o/r_i)}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{\mu_o (\ln r_o/r_i)^2}{\epsilon (2\pi)^2}} = \sqrt{\frac{\mu_o}{\epsilon}} \cdot \frac{\ln(r_o/r_i)}{2\pi}$$

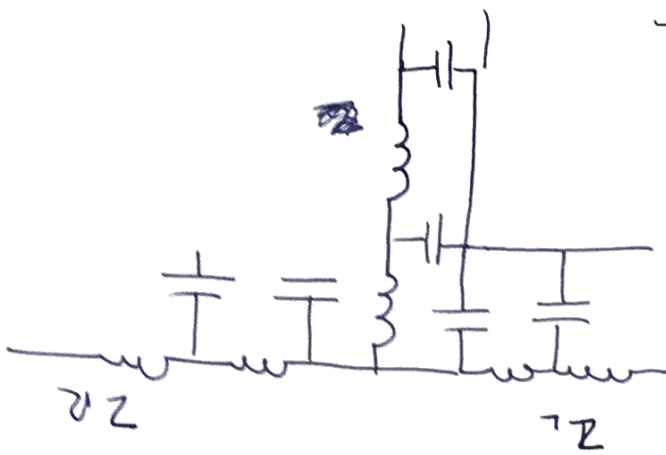
$$\ln\left(\frac{r_o}{r_i}\right) = 51.6 \times 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{2.26 \times 8.854 \times 10^{-12}}{4\pi \times 10^{-7}}}$$

$$\ln\left(\frac{r_o}{r_i}\right) = 51.6 \times 2\pi \sqrt{1.26^2 \times 10^{-5}} = 1.29$$

$$r_i = \frac{381 \mu\text{m}}{3.63} = 104.95 \mu\text{m} = \underline{\underline{4.13 \text{ mil}}}$$

Reflection coefficient = $\frac{Z_L - Z_0}{Z_L + Z_0} = \frac{25 - 50}{25 + 50} = -\frac{1}{3}$

$\frac{1}{Z_{eff}} = \frac{Z}{2}$ $Z_{eff} = Z/2 \Rightarrow 50/2 = 25 \Omega$



$\frac{1}{Z} = \frac{1}{Z_L} + \frac{1}{Z_C}$

$Z_L = Z_R = Z$

(b) $\frac{1}{Z_{eff}} = \frac{1}{Z_L} + \frac{1}{Z_R}$

Physical length of bit = $\frac{1}{10^7} s = 100 ns$.

7.6 (a) Data rate = 10 Mbit/s = 10^7 bit/s.

$= 67 GHz$

$= 6.7 \times 10^{10} Hz$

7.5 (e) $v = f \lambda$ $f = \frac{v}{\lambda} = \frac{2 \times 10^8 m/s}{2.96 \times 10^{-3}}$

$$7.4) \text{ capacitance of between plates} = \frac{\epsilon A}{d} = \frac{\epsilon w}{h} \text{ F/m}$$