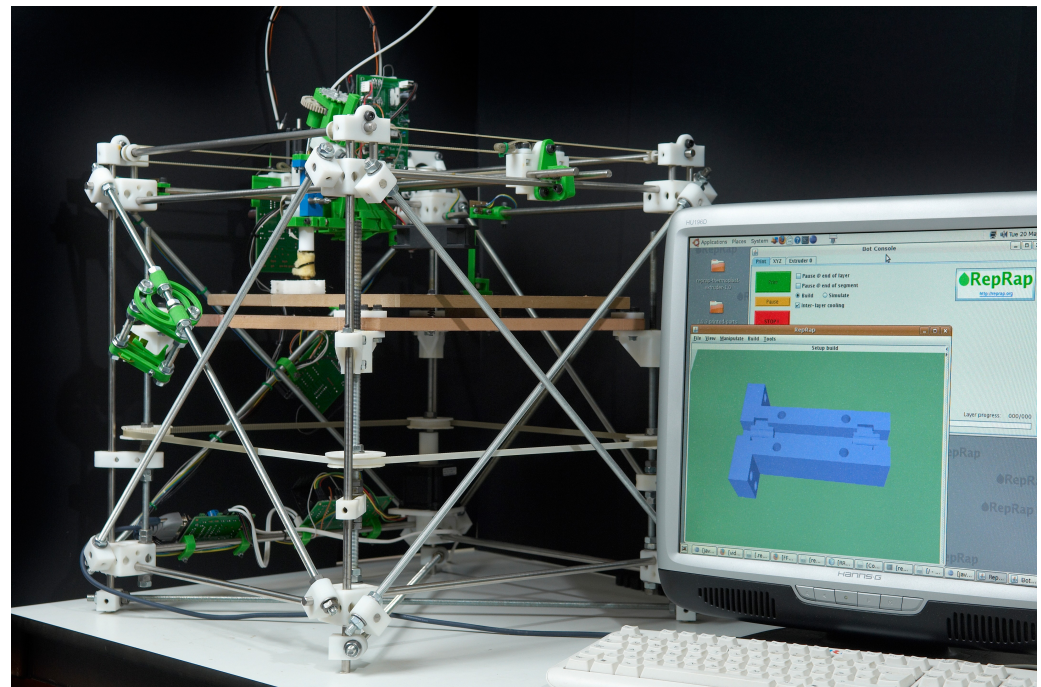


RepRap

Smart Ideas (si)
and
Dumb Mistakes (dm)

Adrian Bowyer
Bath University, UK



Start with: Social/Economic/Political Specification (**si**)

Aim: to allow anyone to make what they want for themselves, including the machine that does the making.



1. Free hardware/open-source (**si**)
2. Distributed at no charge over the net (**si**)
3. Legal: design copyright under the GPL (**si/dm** ?)

Then: Engineering Specification

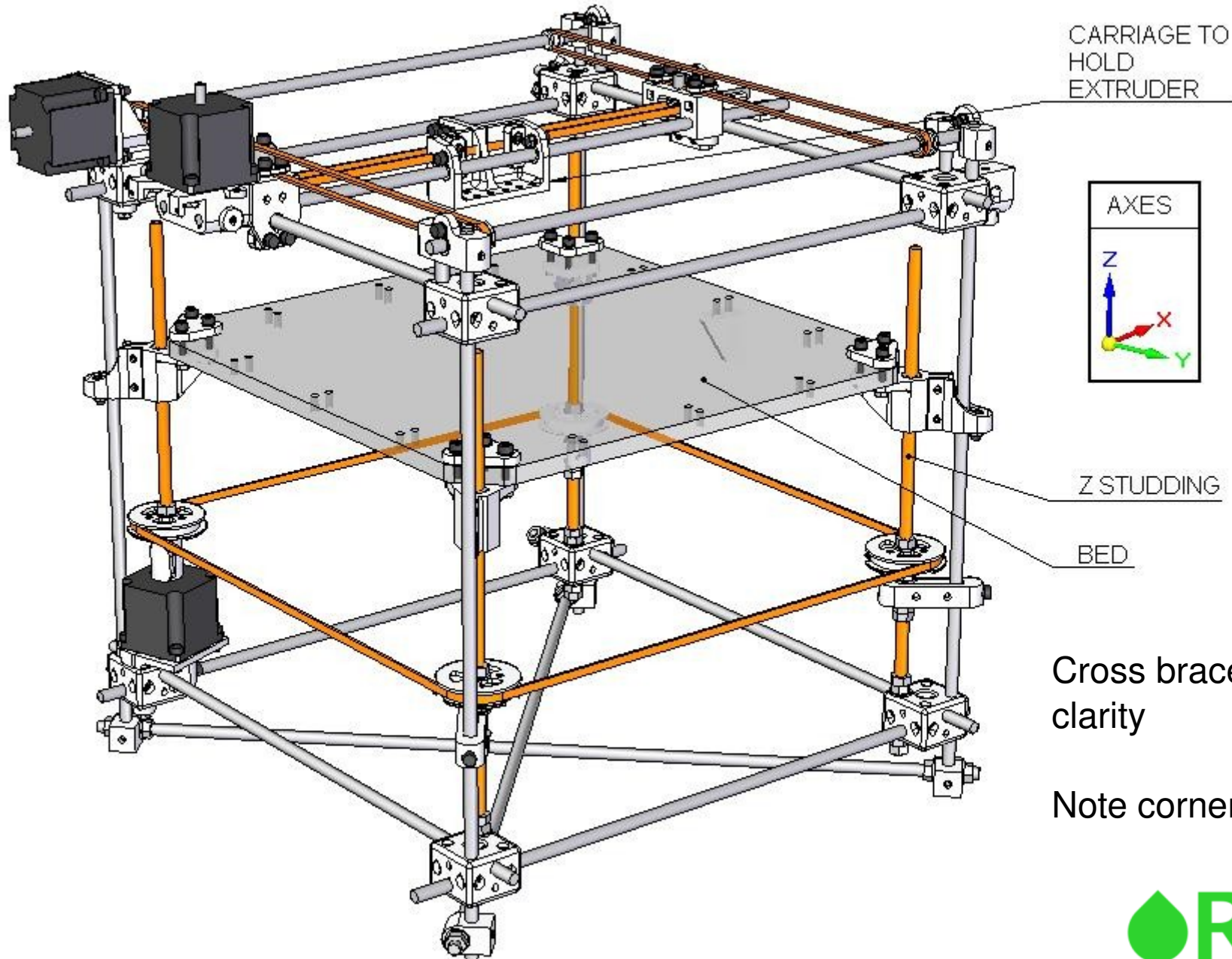
1. Working volume: adjustable (si); nominally 300mm x 300mm x 300mm (dm)
2. Working materials: Polycaprolactone and a filler/support (si → dm)
3. Configuration: 3-axis Cartesian drive using stepper motors (si)
4. Line and space: 0.5mm and about 0.2mm (si)
5. Feature size: about 2mm (si)
6. Positioning accuracy: 0.1 mm (si)
7. Layer thickness: adjustable, but nominally 0.4mm (si)
8. Computer interface: RS232 (dm → USB)
9. Material handling: Two fixed material extruders, user exchangeable (si)
10. Power supply needed: 6A max, 3A continuous at 12V DC (si)
11. Driving computer: Microsoft Windows, Linux, Unix, or Mac (si)
12. Dimensions: adjustable; nominally 600 mm x 520 mm x 650 mm high (si)
13. Weight: about 15 Kg (si)

How easy is it to change things as you go along?

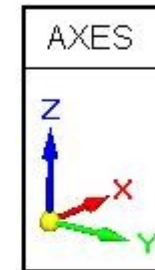
1. Software - easy
2. Electronics – not too difficult
3. Mechanics - difficult

So: early on, think hardest about the mechanics, and get them as good as you can. (si)

Mechanics



CARRIAGE TO HOLD EXTRUDER



Z STUDDING

BED

Cross braces omitted for clarity

Note corner blocks

Mechanics

Metric, not English (**si**)

Standardise (**si**)

Check *global* availability (**si**)

1. Hardware shop materials (**si**)
2. Threads: M8, M5, M3 (**si**)
3. 8 mm threaded rod (**si**)
4. 8 mm smooth rod (**dm**)
5. Don't dismiss wood (especially MDF) (**si**)
6. Make jigs (**si**)



Mechanics

Design Frame of Mind:

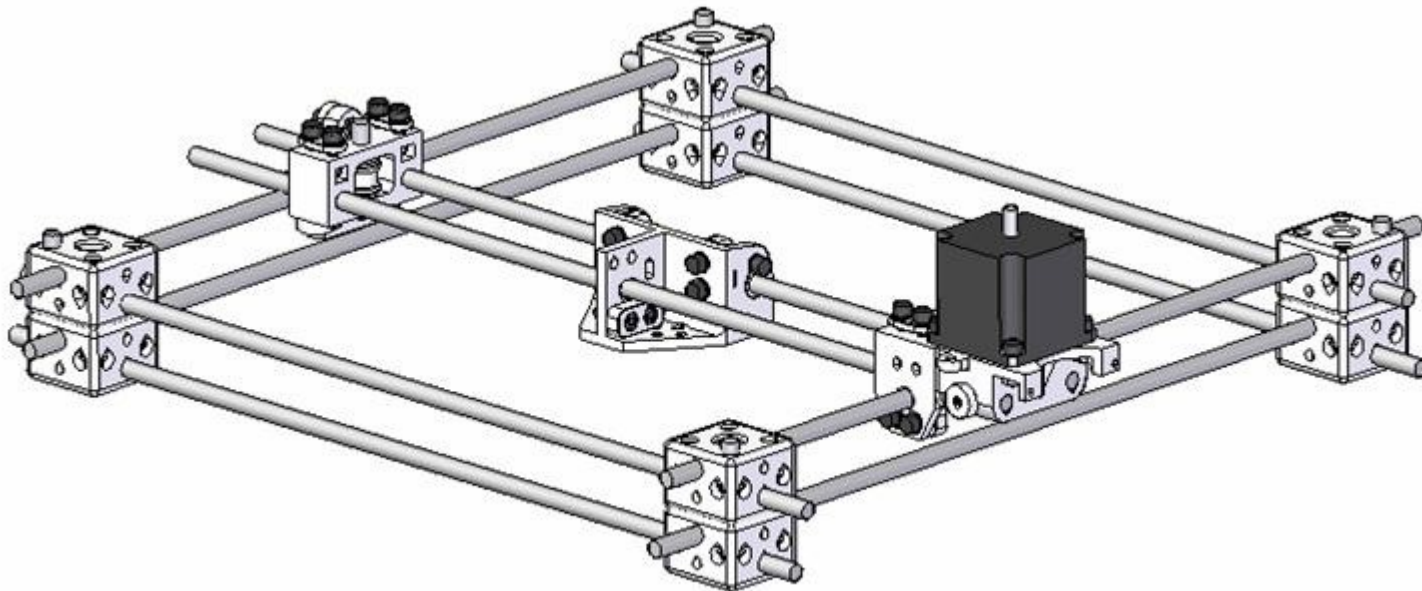
If you can, make each part solve lots of problems (si)



Mechanics

Design Frame of Mind:

Remember that you have to put it together and to take it apart... **Lots** of times... (si)

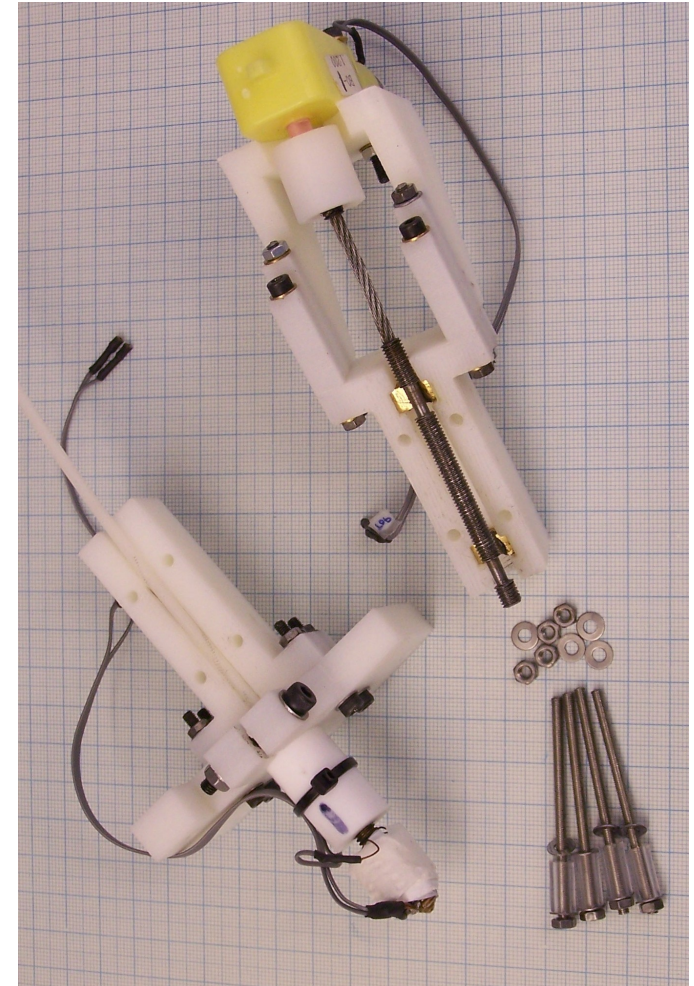
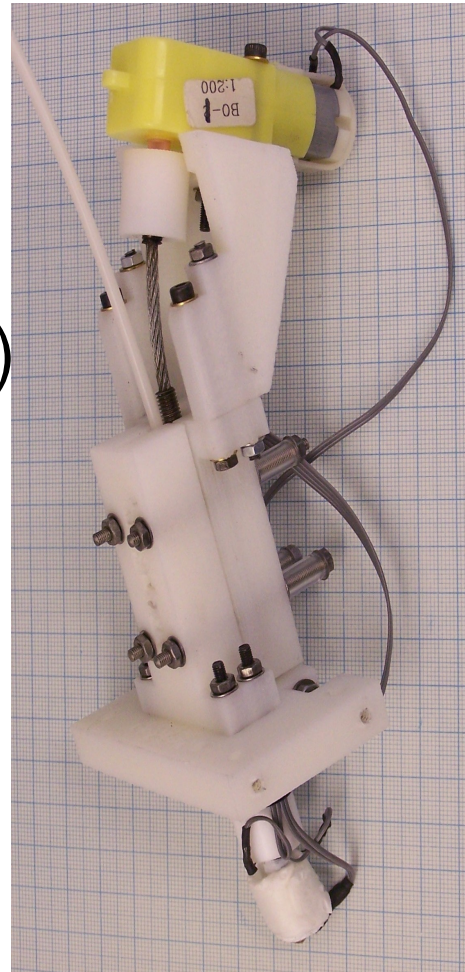


DATUM/TOP CORNER

Mechanics

The Version 1 Extruder

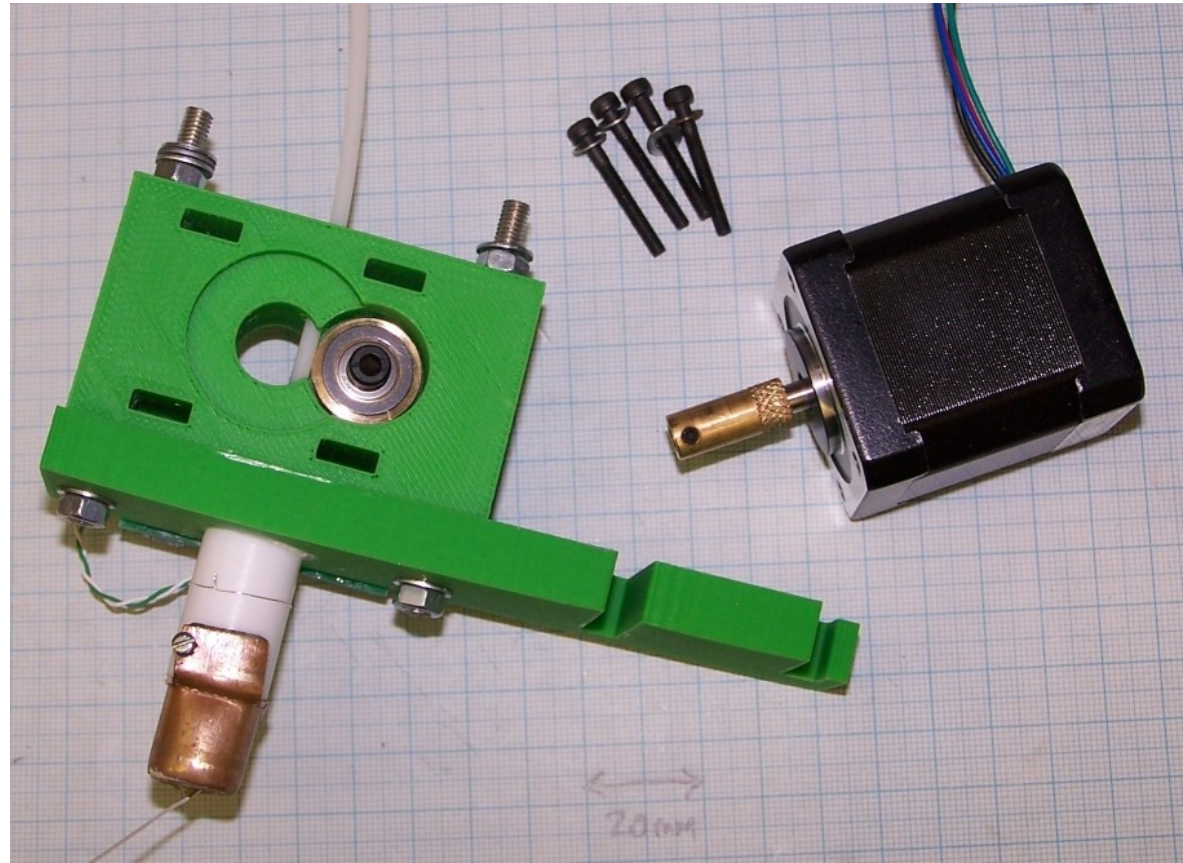
1. Screw drive (si)
2. Geared DC motor (dm)
3. PTFE insulation (si)
4. Brass barrel (si)
5. Nichrome heater (si)
6. Thermistor (si/dm)
7. Flexible drive (dm)



Mechanics

The Version 2 Extruder

1. Direct drive (si)
2. Stepper motor (si)
3. Same head (si)
4. Fewer parts (si)
5. More controllable (si)
6. Easy set-up (si)
7. Thermocouple (si/dm)



Mechanics

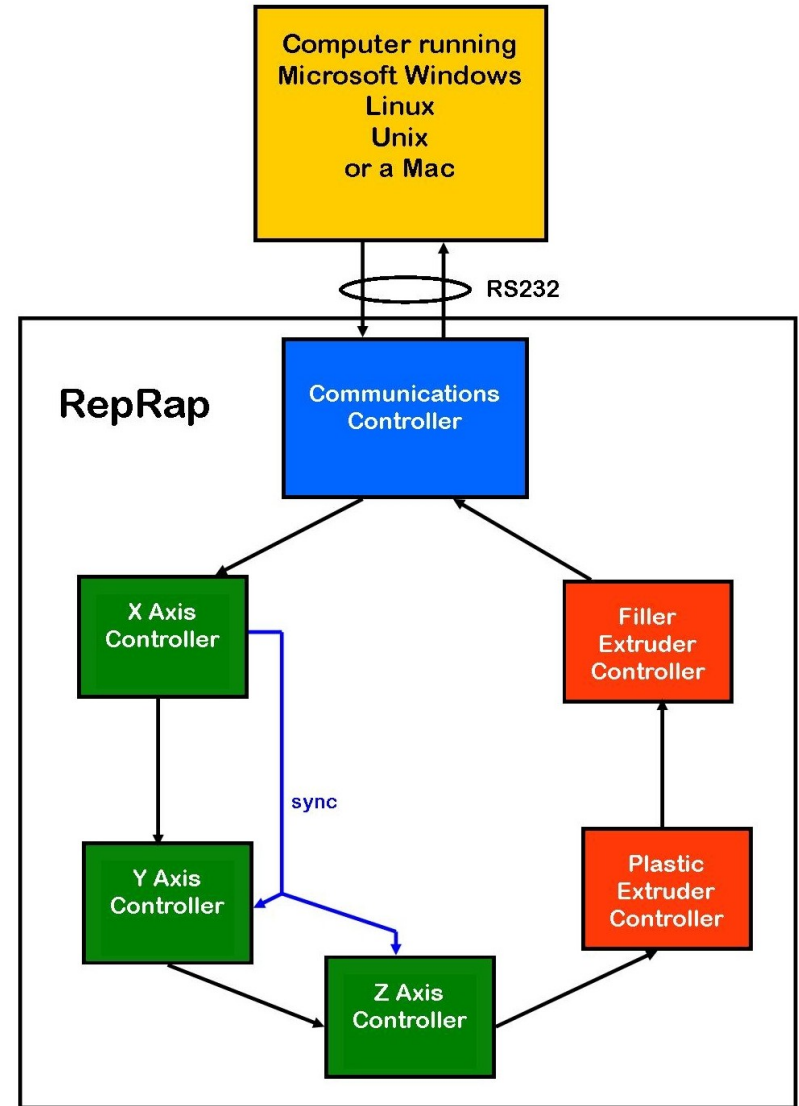
Knurl the stepper shaft directly



Electronics

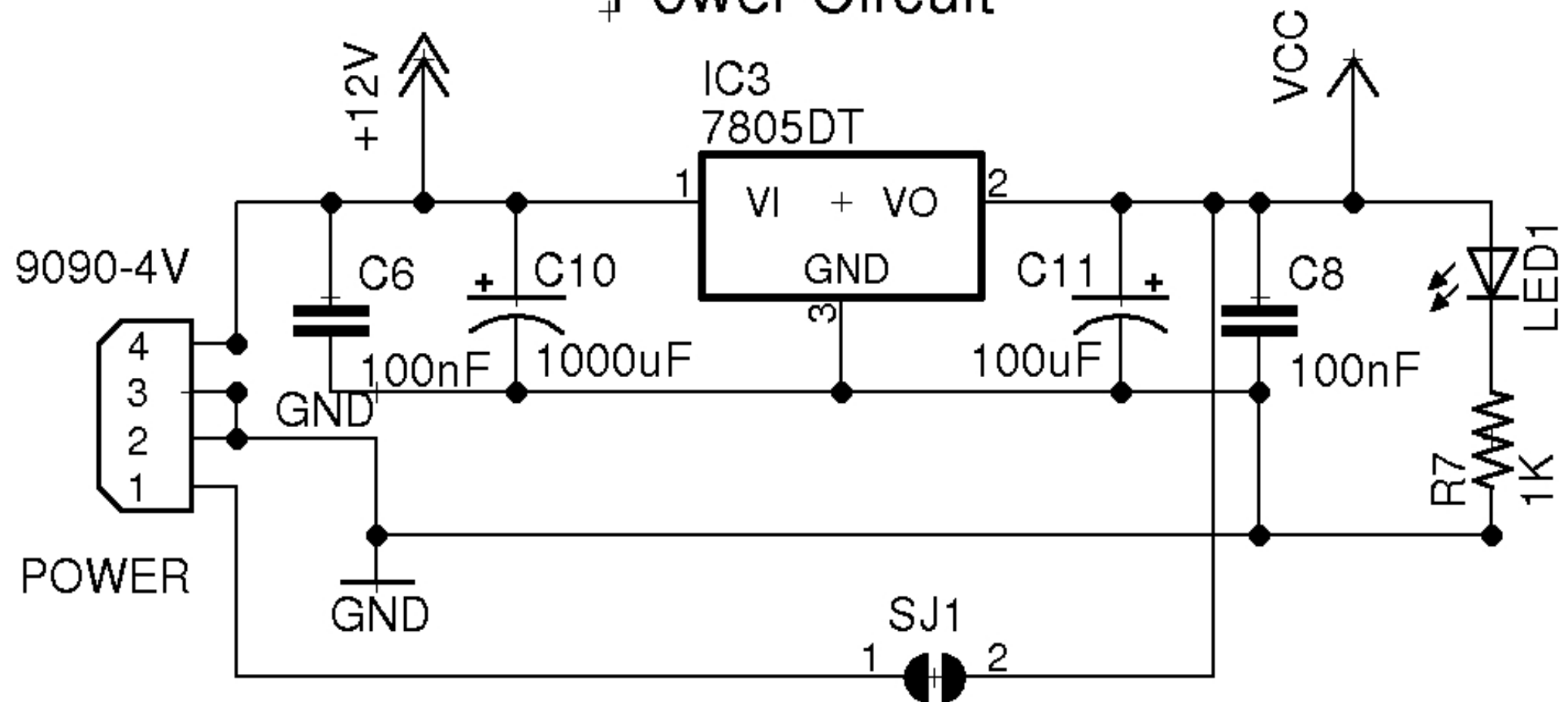
Generation 1

1. Internal network (si)
2. RS232 (dm)
3. Universal PCB (si)
4. PIC 16F648A (dm)
5. SDCC (dm)
6. Single 12V supply (si)
7. XYZ: steppers (si)
8. Extruder: DC servo (dm)



Electronics

Power Circuit

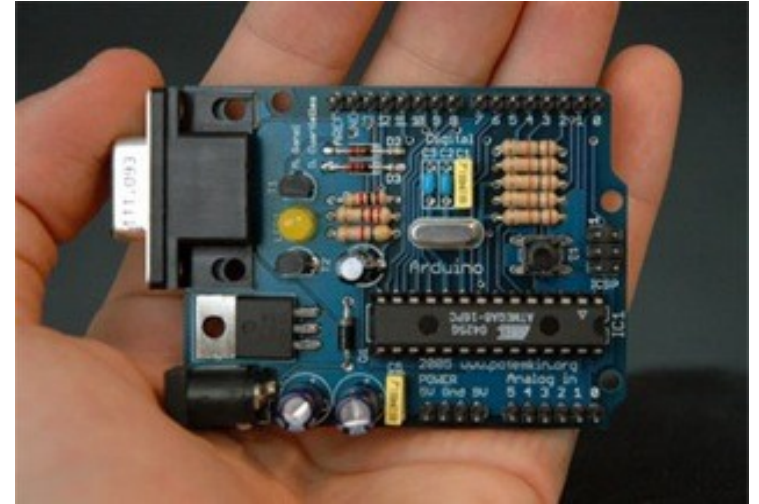


Electronics

Generation 2.1

Arduino

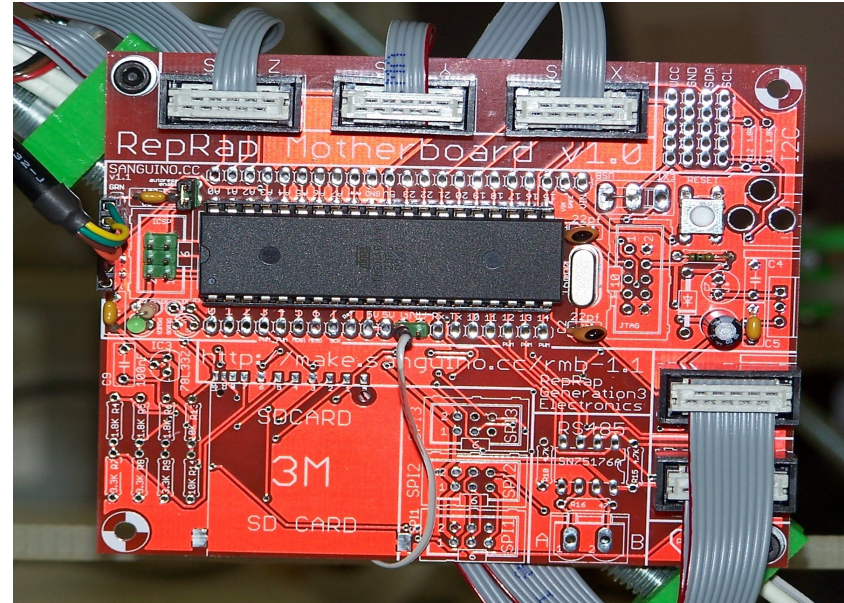
1. Rock solid compiler (**si**)
2. Someone else does the work (**si**)
3. ATMEGA168 (**si**)
4. Only just enough pins (**dm**)
5. Only just enough memory (**dm**)
6. No internal network (**dm**)
7. G-codes from host (**si**)



Electronics

Generation 2.2

Sanguino



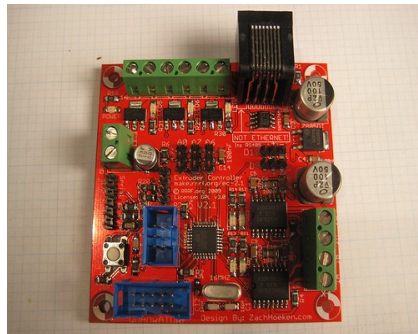
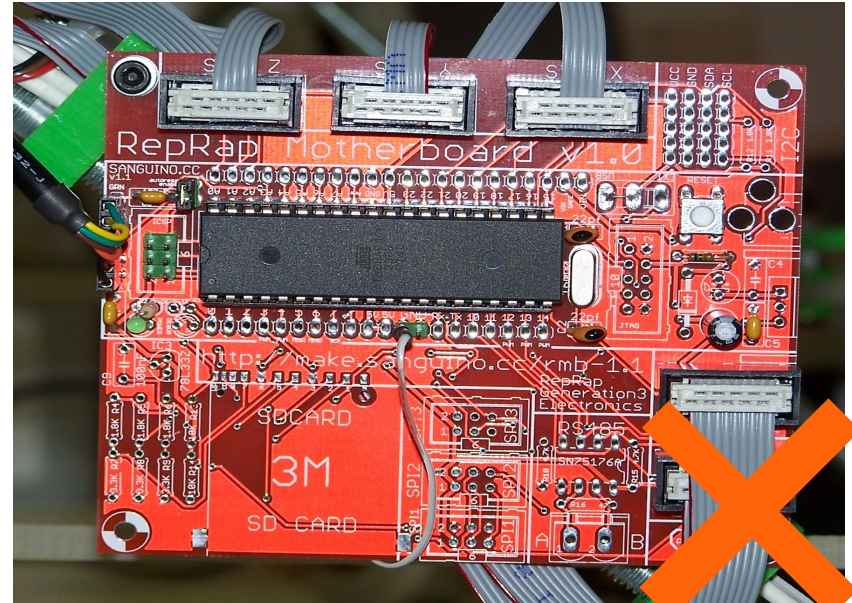
1. Arduino development environment (**si**)
2. ATMEGA644P (**si**)
3. Plenty of pins; plenty of memory (**si**)
4. No internal network (**dm**)

Electronics

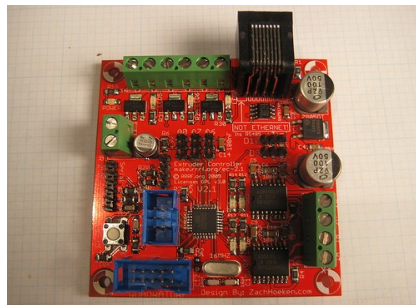
Generation 3 (near future)

Sanguino

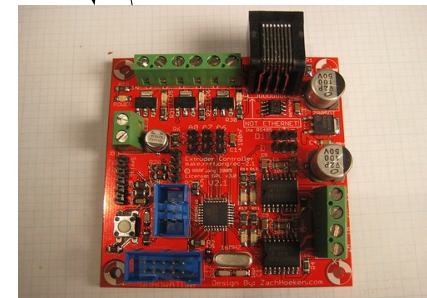
Plus RS485 network



Extruder 1

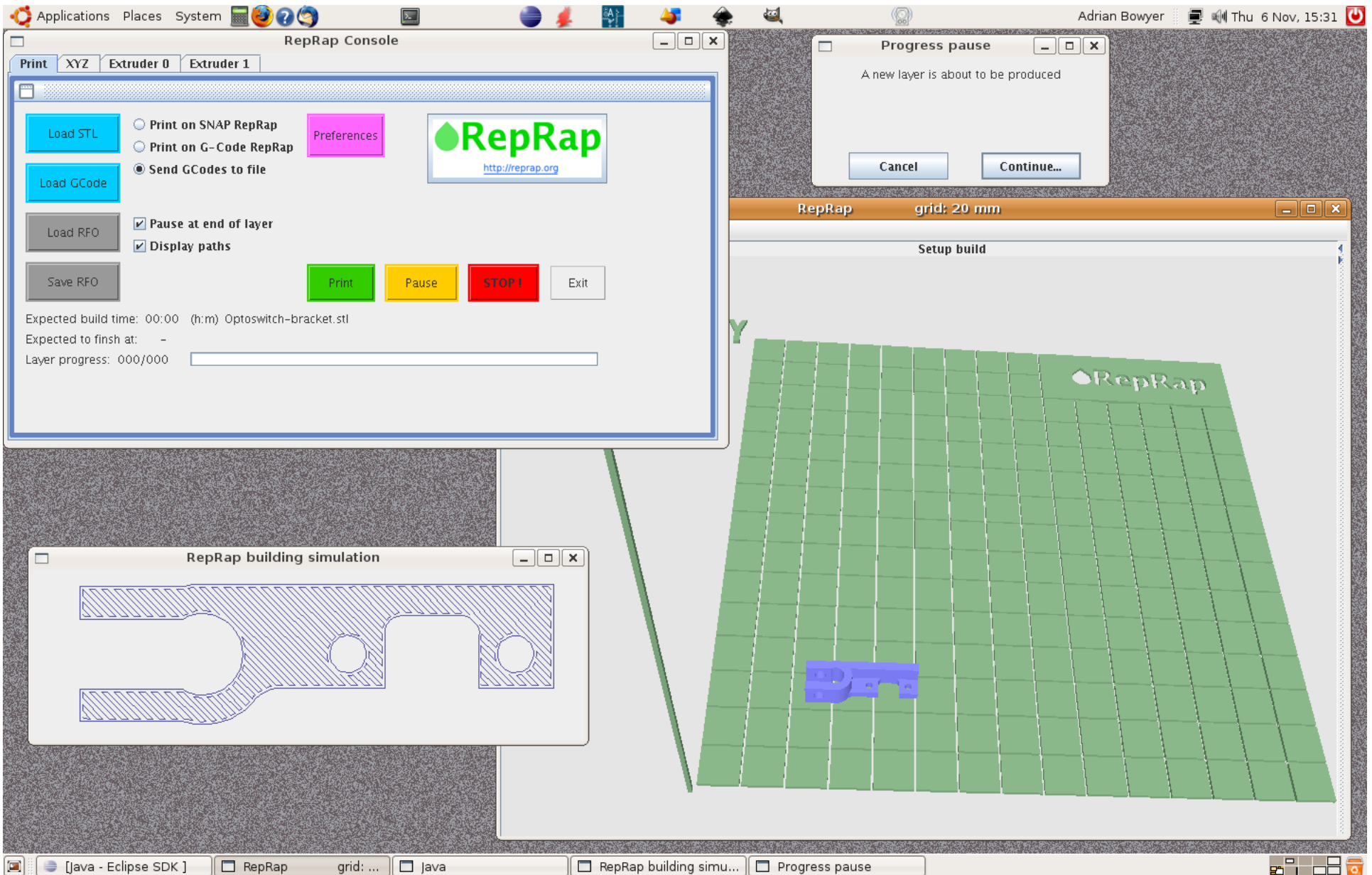


Extruder 2



Extruder 3

Software

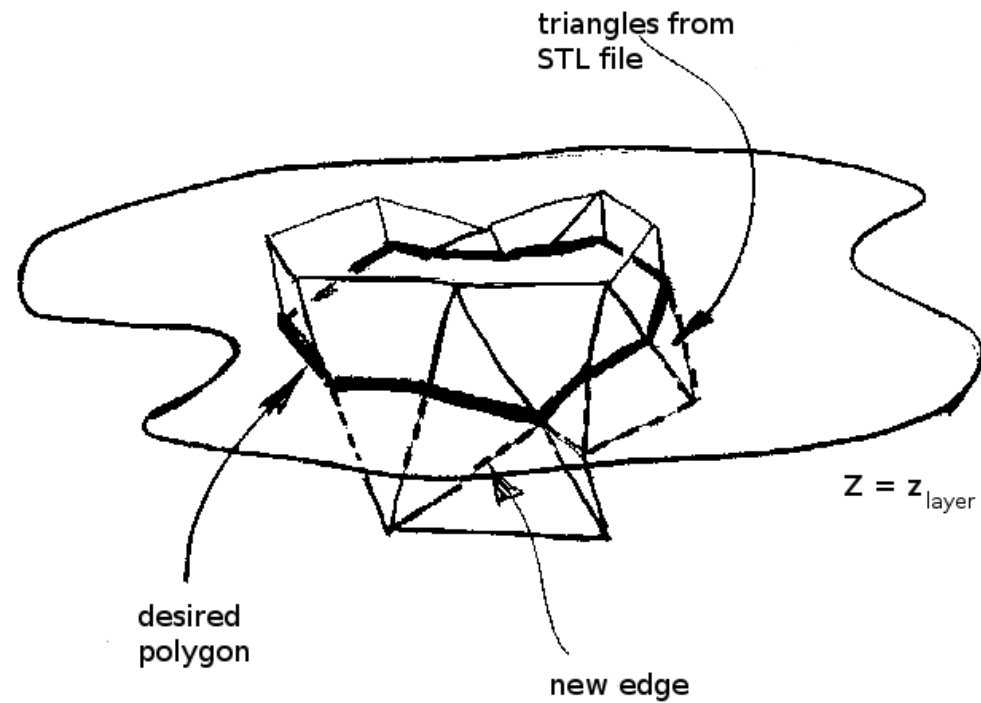


On the host: Java



Software

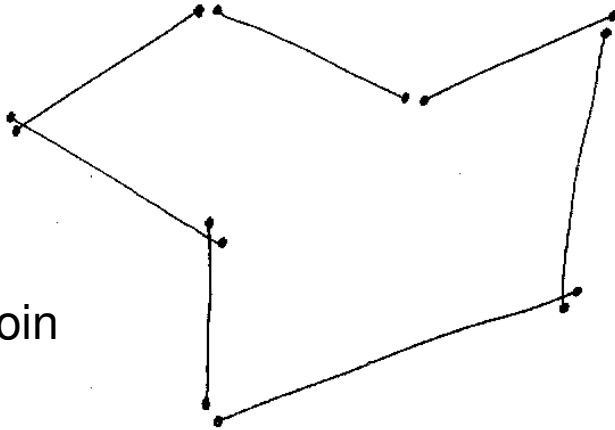
Input data: STL files



Software

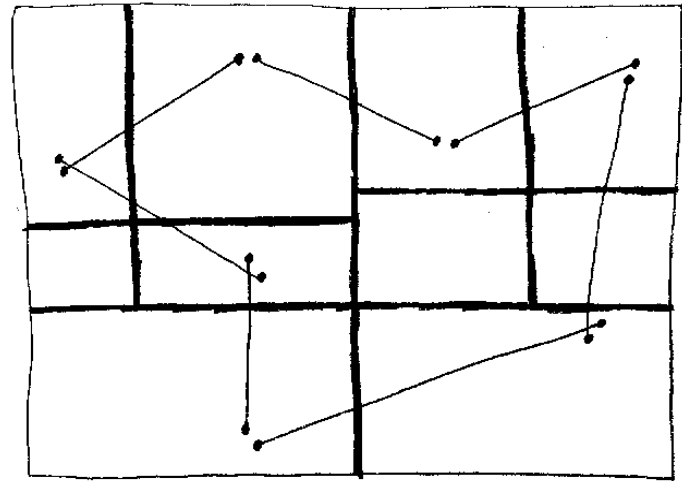
Turning slices into sense

1



Easy – join the dots

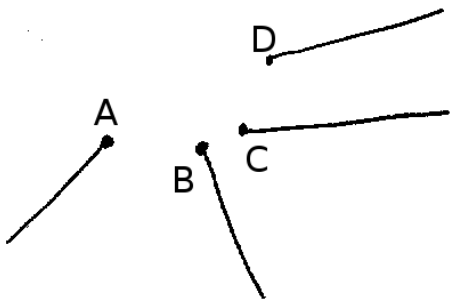
3



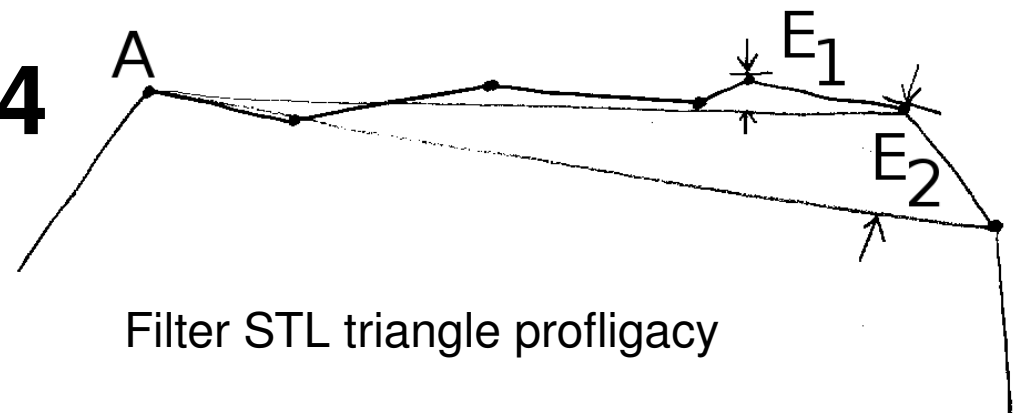
Make a global problem local

2

But...



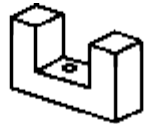
4



Filter STL triangle profligacy

Software

Convert to CSG



Convex Hull

Model

Result



-



=



-



=



-



=

0



-



+



-

0



-



-

0

Tony Woo's Alternating Sum of Volumes Algorithm

(but in 2D, obviously)

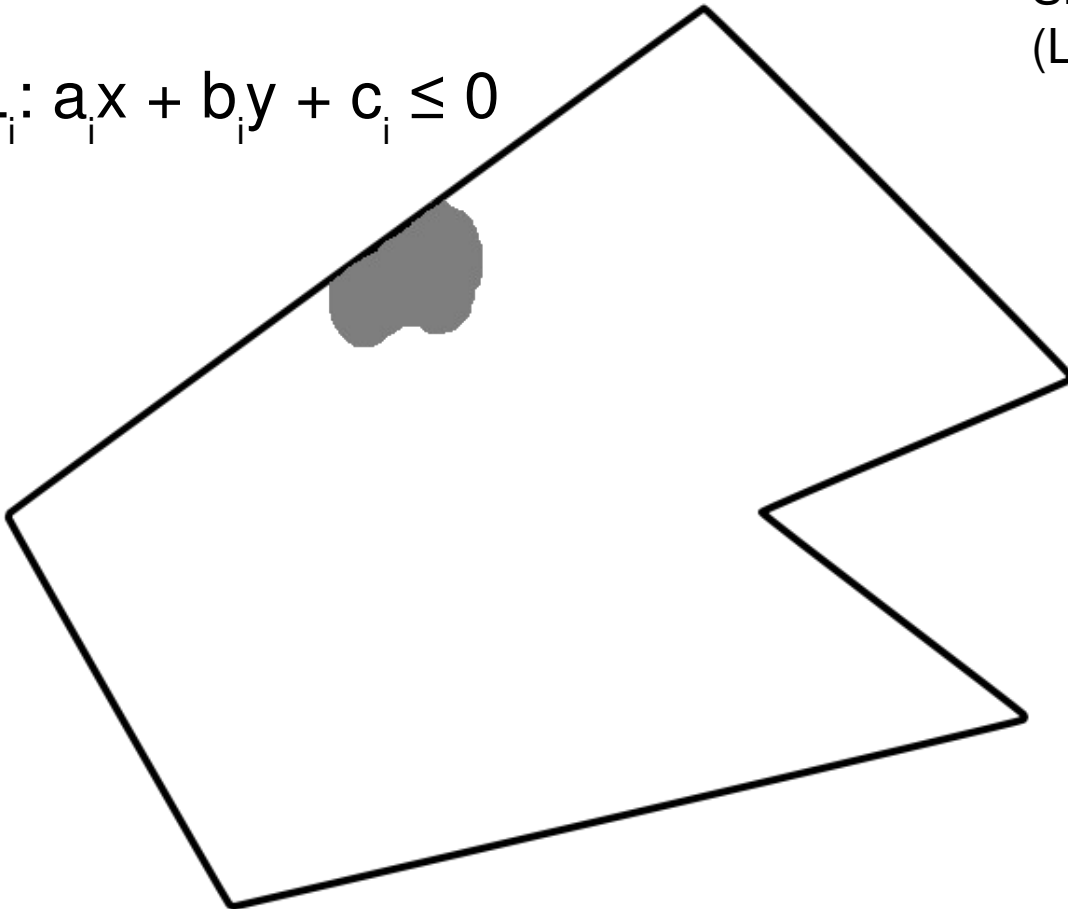
Software

CSG Polygons

$$L_i: a_i x + b_i y + c_i \leq 0$$

Shape:

$$(L_1 \wedge L_2 \wedge L_3 \wedge L_4) \wedge (L_5 \cup L_6)$$



1. Always valid (**si**)
2. Offsets trivial (**si**)
3. Combinations trivial (**si**)
4. Line intersection trivial (**si**)
5. Simplification hard (**dm**)
6. Non-local (**dm**)

Conclusion

1. We did some smart things (si)
2. We did a few dumb things (dm)
3. It works... (si)

