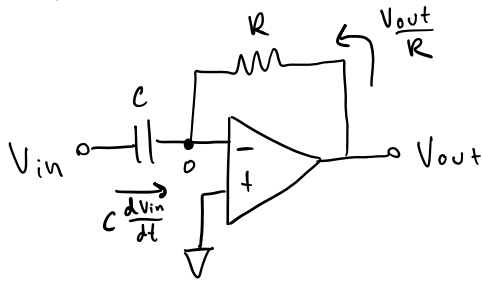


15.1 a) Differentiate:

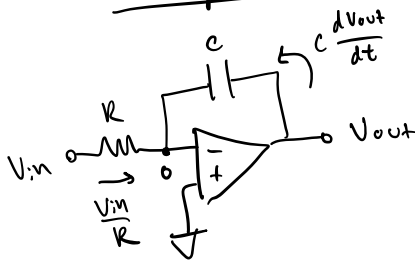


$$C \frac{dV_{in}}{dt} + \frac{V_{out}}{R} = 0$$

$$C \frac{dV_{in}}{dt} = -\frac{V_{out}}{R}$$

$$V_{out} = -RC \frac{dV_{in}}{dt}$$

Integrate:



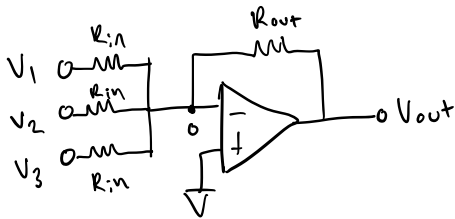
$$\frac{V_{in}}{R} + C \frac{dV_{out}}{dt} = 0$$

$$\frac{V_{in}}{R} = -C \frac{dV_{out}}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dV_{out}}{dt} = -\frac{V_{in}}{RC}$$

$$V_{out} = -\frac{1}{RC} \int V_{in} dt$$

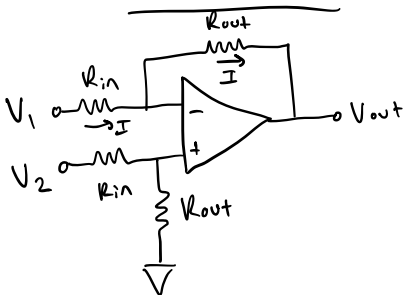
Sum:



$$\frac{V_1}{R_{in}} + \frac{V_2}{R_{in}} + \frac{V_3}{R_{in}} = -\frac{V_{out}}{R_{out}}$$

$$V_{out} = -\frac{R_{out}}{R_{in}} (V_1 + V_2 + V_3)$$

Difference:



$$V_+ = V_2 \frac{R_{out}}{R_{in} + R_{out}} = V_-$$

$$V_1 - V_- = I R_{in}$$

$$V_- - V_{out} = I R_{out}$$

$$\frac{V_1 - V_-}{R_{in}} = \frac{V_- - V_{out}}{R_{out}} \rightarrow \frac{V_1}{R_{in}} - \frac{V_-}{R_{in}} = \frac{V_-}{R_{out}} - \frac{V_{out}}{R_{out}}$$

$$\hookrightarrow \frac{V_{out}}{R_{out}} = \frac{V_-}{R_{out}} + \frac{V_-}{R_{in}} - \frac{V_1}{R_{in}}$$

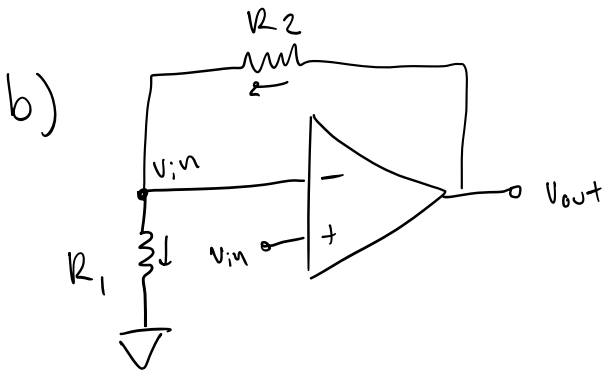
$$\frac{V_{out}}{R_{out}} = V_- \left( \frac{1}{R_{out}} + \frac{1}{R_{in}} \right) - \frac{V_1}{R_{in}}$$

$$\frac{V_{out}}{R_{out}} = V_- \left( \frac{R_{in} + R_{out}}{R_{out} R_{in}} \right) - \frac{V_1}{R_{in}}$$

$$\frac{V_{out}}{R_{out}} = V_2 \frac{\cancel{R_{out}}}{\cancel{R_{in}} \cancel{R_{out}}} \left( \frac{\cancel{R_{in}} + \cancel{R_{out}}}{\cancel{R_{out}} R_{in}} \right) - \frac{V_1}{R_{in}}$$

$$\frac{V_{out}}{R_{out}} = \frac{1}{R_{in}} (V_2 - V_1)$$

$$V_{out} = \frac{R_{out}}{R_{in}} (V_2 - V_1)$$



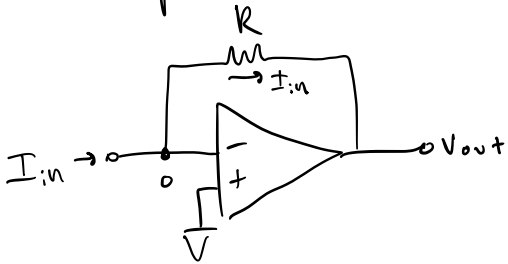
$$\frac{V_{out} - V_{in}}{R_2} = \frac{V_{in}}{R_1}$$

$$V_{out} = \frac{R_2}{R_1} V_{in} + V_{in}$$

$$V_{out} = V_{in} \left( \frac{R_2}{R_1} + 1 \right)$$

Disadvantage: gain must be  $> 1$

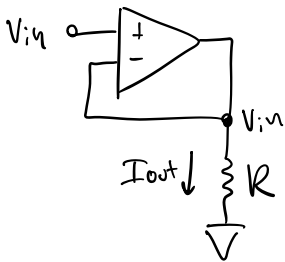
c) Transimpedance:



$$\frac{0 - V_{out}}{R} = I_{in}$$

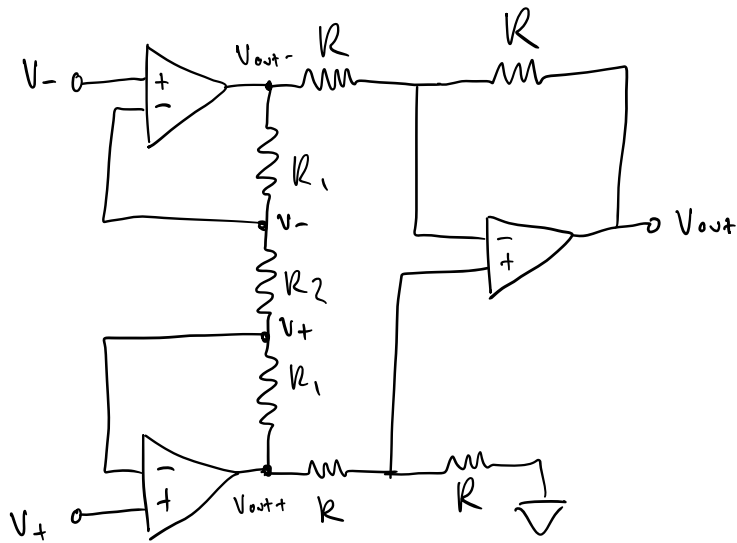
$$V_{out} = -I_{in}R$$

Transconductance:



$$I_{out} = \frac{V_{in}}{R}$$

d)



$$\frac{V_{out-} - V_-}{R_1} + \frac{V_+ - V_-}{R_2} = 0$$

$$\frac{V_{out-} - V_-}{R_1} = \frac{V_- - V_+}{R_2}$$

$$V_{out-} = \frac{R_1}{R_2} (V_- - V_+) + V_-$$

$$\frac{V_{out+} - V_+}{R_1} + \frac{V_- - V_+}{R_2} = 0$$

$$\frac{V_{out+} - V_+}{R_1} = \frac{V_+ - V_-}{R_2}$$

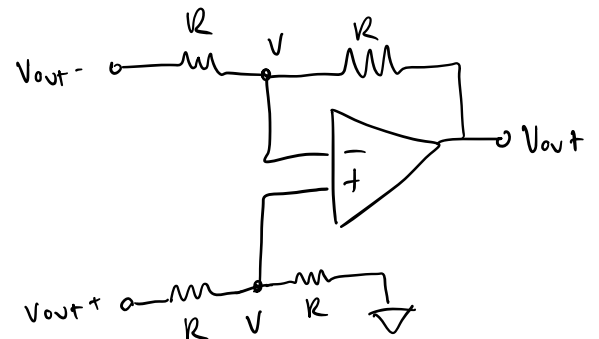
$$V_{out+} = \frac{R_1}{R_2} (V_+ - V_-) + V_+$$

$$\frac{V_{out-} - V}{R} = \frac{V - V_{out+}}{R}$$

$$V_{out-} = 2V - V_{out+}$$

$$\frac{V_{out+} - V}{R} = \frac{V}{R}$$

$$V_{out+} = 2V$$



$$V_{out-} + V_{out+} = V_{out+}$$

$$V_{out} = V_{out+} - V_{out-}$$

$$= \frac{R_1}{R_2} (V_+ - V_-) + V_+ - \left( \frac{R_1}{R_2} (V_- - V_+) - V_- \right)$$

$$= 2 \frac{R_1}{R_2} (V_+ - V_-) + V_+ - V_-$$

$$= (V_+ - V_-) \left( 2 \frac{R_1}{R_2} + 1 \right)$$

15.2

GBP = 10MHz

Open loop DC gain = 100dB

Inverting amplifier

Plot magnitude and phase of gain vs. frequency as  $\frac{R_{out}}{R_{in}}$  varied

$\omega_c \approx G_{OL} \omega_{OL}$

$10MHz = 100dB \omega_{OL}$   
 $100 = 20 \log_{10} \left( \frac{10MHz}{\omega_{OL}} \right)$

$\rightarrow 10^5 = \frac{10MHz}{\omega_{OL}} \rightarrow \omega_{OL} = 10MHz$

$V_{out} = - \frac{R_{out}}{R_{in}} V_{in} \rightarrow \text{gain} = \frac{R_{out}}{R_{in}}$

$G(\omega) = \frac{G_{OL}}{1 + i \frac{\omega}{\omega_{OL}}} = \frac{100dB}{1 + i \frac{\omega}{10MHz}}$

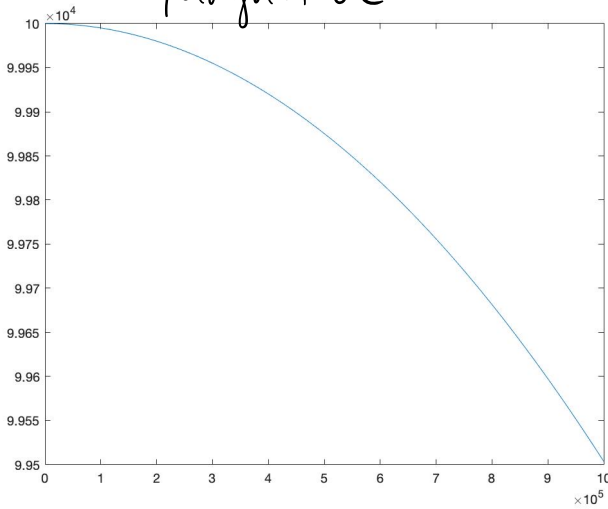
$\rightarrow G(\omega) \cdot \left( 1 + i \frac{\omega}{10MHz} \right) = 100dB$

$100 = 20 \log_{10} \left( G(\omega) \cdot \left( 1 + i \frac{\omega}{10MHz} \right) \right)$

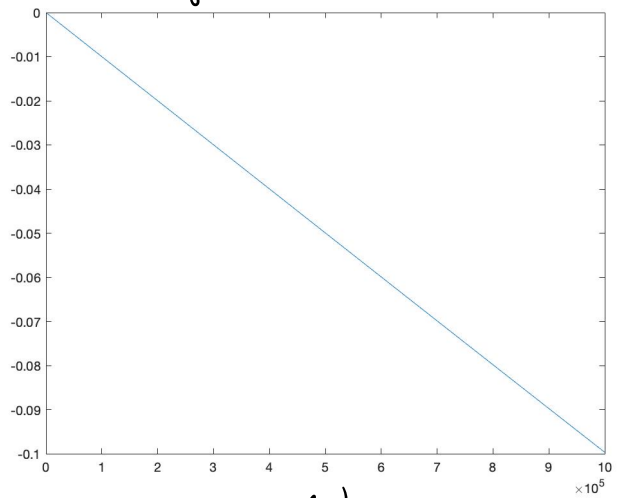
$10^5 = G(\omega) \cdot \left( 1 + i \frac{\omega}{10MHz} \right)$

$G(\omega) = \frac{10^5}{1 + i \frac{\omega}{10MHz}}$

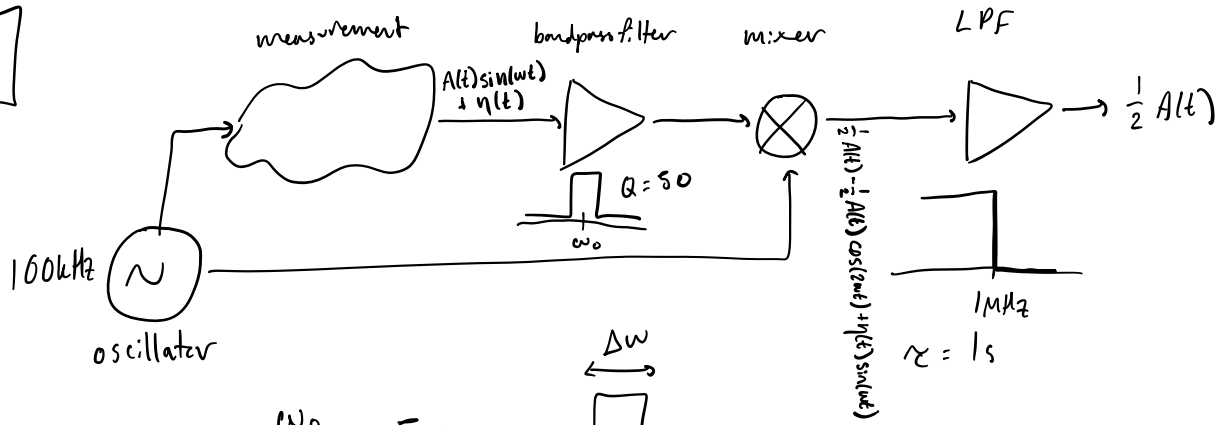
Magnitude vs.  $\omega$



Angle vs.  $\omega$



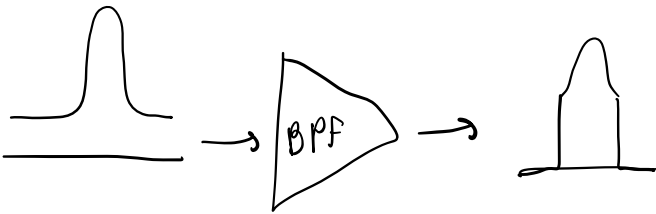
15.3



BPF:  $Q = \frac{\omega_0}{\Delta\omega} = 50$



$\omega_0 = 100\text{ kHz} \rightarrow \Delta\omega = 2\text{ kHz}$



15.5 SNR due to quantization noise : 8, 16-bit A/D  
Averaging of 8-bit to match 16-bit

$$SQNR = 20 \log_{10} (2^Q) \approx 6.02 \cdot Q \text{ dB}$$

where  $Q = \#$  quantization bits

$$8\text{-bit} \rightarrow 48.2$$

$$16\text{-bit} \rightarrow 96.3$$