

$$N_L \times 10^{-7} = \frac{I L \times B}{\mu_0} \left(\frac{1}{2\pi} \right) \left(\frac{1}{r} \right)$$

$$I = \frac{N_L \times 10^{-7} \times \mu_0 \times 2\pi \times r}{L \times B}$$

$$I = \frac{10^{-7} \times 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \times 2\pi \times 0.1}{0.1 \times 0.1}$$

$$I = \frac{10^{-7} \times 4\pi \times 2\pi \times 0.1}{0.01}$$

$$I = \frac{10^{-7} \times 4\pi \times 2\pi \times 0.1}{0.01}$$

3A

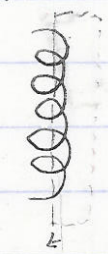
field is flat internally
↖ vertical



Can we assume 0 external

F = B???

↑ inner line horizontal



Zero net current



~~$$\int I = N I R = N I R$$~~

$$\oint \vec{H} \cdot d\vec{l} = \int \frac{d\vec{H}}{dz} dz + \frac{d\vec{H}}{dz} \cdot d\vec{A}$$

$$H R = N I R$$

$$H = \frac{N}{R} I$$

Internal Radial
 \emptyset

Axial
N/A

Cross Radial
 $\emptyset - 1$

Axial
 \emptyset

Circumferential
I / 2πR

External Radial
- Vanishes with 0 length

2A

E field strength $\sim V/d$

$$\oint E \cdot dA = Q/\epsilon$$

$$VA/d = Q/\epsilon$$

$$Q/V = A\epsilon/d$$

5.2B

$$\oint H \cdot dA = \int \left(\frac{j}{z} + \frac{\partial D}{\partial t} \right) dA$$



$$\oint H \cdot dl = 0$$

$$\oint \left(\frac{j}{z} + \frac{\partial D}{\partial t} \right) dA$$

$$\int \nabla \cdot A = - \int \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} dA$$

6.2C

$$\int \epsilon |E|^2 = \int \epsilon |V/r|^2 = A \epsilon V^2/r^2 = C V^2/r^2$$

$$E_{avg} = C V^2/r^2$$

$$N = A/(.1)^2$$

$$N = 8 \times 10^{11}$$

$$\text{Height} = 8 \times 10^{11} \cdot 1.7 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$= 8 \times 10^5 \text{ m}$$

6.2D
10V, 10A, 360J = 360kJ

$$\frac{1}{2} \epsilon E^2 V^2 = 360 \text{ kJ}$$

7.2C

$$A = 360J \cdot 2 / (10V)^2 = 1.44 \text{ m}^2$$

$$A = 8.13 \times 10^5 \text{ m}^2$$

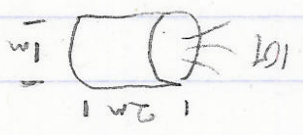
100 MN

$$P \cdot A = 8 \text{ MPa} \cdot 2 \text{ m} \cdot (2 \pi \cdot 1 \text{ m})$$

$$F = I L \times B$$

$$I N = 16 \times 10^5 \text{ Amp turns}$$

$$10 T = N / 2 \mu \text{ m}$$



$$E_{\text{energy}} = \frac{1}{2} H^2 V$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{N I}{r} \right)^2 \pi r^2 L$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} I^2 \left(\frac{N^2}{r^2} \right) \pi r^2 L$$

$$E = \sqrt{\text{Intensity} \cdot Z_0}$$

$$\sqrt{1 \text{ kW/m}^2 \cdot \sqrt{300 \text{ Ohms}} = 377 \Omega}$$

$$614 \text{ V/m}$$

$$\sqrt{1 \text{ W/cm}^2 \cdot 377 \Omega}$$

$$19416 \text{ V/m}$$

$$\sqrt{1 \text{ W/m}^2 \cdot 377 \Omega}$$

$$19 \text{ MV/m}$$

Squares root of 2 everywhere